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the securitization transaction (the qualifying asset ratio); provided that:

- (1) The qualifying asset ratio is measured as of the cut-off date or similar date for establishing the composition of the securitized assets collateralizing the asset-backed securities issued pursuant to the securitization transaction;
- (2) If the qualifying asset ratio would exceed 50 percent, the qualifying asset ratio shall be deemed to be 50 percent; and
- (3) The disclosure required by paragraph (a)(4) of this section also includes descriptions of the qualifying commercial loans, qualifying CRE loans, and qualifying automobile loans (qualifying assets) and descriptions of the assets that are not qualifying assets, and the material differences between the group of qualifying assets and the group of assets that are not qualifying assets with respect to the composition of each group's loan balances, loan terms, interest rates, borrower credit information, and characteristics of any loan collateral.
- (c) Exception for securitizations of qualifying assets only. Notwithstanding other provisions of this section, the risk retention requirements of subpart B of this part shall not apply to securitization transactions where the transaction is collateralized solely by servicing assets and either qualifying commercial loans, qualifying CRE loans, or qualifying automobile loans.
- (d) Record maintenance. A sponsor must retain the disclosures required in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section and the certifications required in §§ 267.16(a)(8), 267.17(a)(10), and 267.18(a)(8), as applicable, in its records until three years after all ABS interests issued in the securitization are no longer outstanding. The sponsor must provide the disclosures and certifications upon request to the Commission and the sponsor's appropriate Federal banking agency, if any.

## § 267.16 Underwriting standards for qualifying commercial loans.

- (a) Underwriting, product and other standards. (1) Prior to origination of the commercial loan, the originator:
- (i) Verified and documented the financial condition of the borrower:

- (A) As of the end of the borrower's two most recently completed fiscal years; and
- (B) During the period, if any, since the end of its most recently completed fiscal year:
- (ii) Conducted an analysis of the borrower's ability to service its overall debt obligations during the next two years, based on reasonable projections;
- (iii) Determined that, based on the previous two years' actual performance, the borrower had:
- (A) A total liabilities ratio of 50 percent or less;
  - (B) A leverage ratio of 3.0 or less; and
  - (C) A DSC ratio of 1.5 or greater;
- (iv) Determined that, based on the two years of projections, which include the new debt obligation, following the closing date of the loan, the borrower will have:
- (A) A total liabilities ratio of 50 percent or less:
  - (B) A leverage ratio of 3.0 or less; and
  - (C) A DSC ratio of 1.5 or greater.
- (2) Prior to, upon or promptly following the inception of the loan, the originator:
- (i) If the loan is originated on a secured basis, obtains a perfected security interest (by filing, title notation or otherwise) or, in the case of real property, a recorded lien, on all of the property pledged to collateralize the loan; and
- (ii) If the loan documents indicate the purpose of the loan is to finance the purchase of tangible or intangible property, or to refinance such a loan, obtains a first lien on the property.
- (3) The loan documentation for the commercial loan includes covenants that:
- (i) Require the borrower to provide to the servicer of the commercial loan the borrower's financial statements and supporting schedules on an ongoing basis, but not less frequently than quarterly:
- (ii) Prohibit the borrower from retaining or entering into a debt arrangement that permits payments-in-kind;
  - (iii) Impose limits on:
- (A) The creation or existence of any other security interest or lien with respect to any of the borrower's property that serves as collateral for the loan;

- (B) The transfer of any of the borrower's assets that serve as collateral for the loan; and
- (C) Any change to the name, location or organizational structure of the borrower, or any other party that pledges collateral for the loan;
- (iv) Require the borrower and any other party that pledges collateral for the loan to:
- (A) Maintain insurance that protects against loss on the collateral for the commercial loan at least up to the amount of the loan, and that names the originator or any subsequent holder of the loan as an additional insured or loss payee;
- (B) Pay taxes, charges, fees, and claims, where non-payment might give rise to a lien on any collateral;
- (C) Take any action required to perfect or protect the security interest and first lien (as applicable) of the originator or any subsequent holder of the loan in any collateral for the commercial loan or the priority thereof, and to defend any collateral against claims adverse to the lender's interest;
- (D) Permit the originator or any subsequent holder of the loan, and the servicer of the loan, to inspect any collateral for the commercial loan and the books and records of the borrower; and
- (E) Maintain the physical condition of any collateral for the commercial loan.
- (4) Loan payments required under the loan agreement are:
- (i) Based on level monthly payments of principal and interest (at the fully indexed rate) that fully amortize the debt over a term that does not exceed five years from the date of origination; and
- (ii) To be made no less frequently than quarterly over a term that does not exceed five years.
- (5) The primary source of repayment for the loan is revenue from the business operations of the borrower.
- (6) The loan was funded within the six (6) months prior to the cut-off date or similar date for establishing the composition of the securitized assets collateralizing the asset-backed securities issued pursuant to the securitization transaction.
- (7) At the cut-off date or similar date for establishing the composition of the

- securitized assets collateralizing the asset-backed securities issued pursuant to the securitization transaction, all payments due on the loan are contractually current.
- (8)(i) The depositor of the asset-backed security certifies that it has evaluated the effectiveness of its internal supervisory controls with respect to the process for ensuring that all qualifying commercial loans that collateralize the asset-backed security and that reduce the sponsor's risk retention requirement under §267.15 meet all of the requirements set forth in paragraphs (a)(1) through (7) of this section and has concluded that its internal supervisory controls are effective.
- (ii) The evaluation of the effectiveness of the depositor's internal supervisory controls referenced in paragraph (a)(8)(i) of this section shall be performed, for each issuance of an assetbacked security, as of a date within 60 days of the cut-off date or similar date for establishing the composition of the asset pool collateralizing such assetbacked security; and
- (iii) The sponsor provides, or causes to be provided, a copy of the certification described in paragraph (a)(8)(i) of this section to potential investors a reasonable period of time prior to the sale of asset-backed securities in the issuing entity, and, upon request, to its appropriate Federal banking agency, if any.
- (b) Cure or buy-back requirement. If a sponsor has relied on the exception provided in §267.15 with respect to a qualifying commercial loan and it is subsequently determined that the loan did not meet all of the requirements set forth in paragraphs (a)(1) through (7) of this section, the sponsor shall not lose the benefit of the exception with respect to the commercial loan if the depositor complied with the certification requirement set forth in paragraph (a)(8) of this section and:
- (1) The failure of the loan to meet any of the requirements set forth in paragraphs (a)(1) through (7) of this section is not material; or
- (2) No later than 90 days after the determination that the loan does not meet one or more of the requirements

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of paragraphs (a)(1) through (7) of this section, the sponsor:

- (i) Effectuates cure, establishing conformity of the loan to the unmet requirements as of the date of cure; or
- (ii) Repurchases the loan(s) from the issuing entity at a price at least equal to the remaining principal balance and accrued interest on the loan(s) as of the date of repurchase.
- (3) If the sponsor cures or repurchases pursuant to paragraph (b)(2) of this section, the sponsor must promptly notify, or cause to be notified, the holders of the asset-backed securities issued in the securitization transaction of any loan(s) included in such securitization transaction that is required to be cured or repurchased by the sponsor pursuant to paragraph (b)(2) of this section, including the principal amount of such loan(s) and the cause for such cure or repurchase.

## § 267.17 Underwriting standards for qualifying CRE loans.

- (a) Underwriting, product and other standards. (1) The CRE loan must be secured by the following:
- (i) An enforceable first lien, documented and recorded appropriately pursuant to applicable law, on the commercial real estate and improvements;
  - (ii)(A) An assignment of:
- (1) Leases and rents and other occupancy agreements related to the commercial real estate or improvements or the operation thereof for which the borrower or an operating affiliate is a lessor or similar party and all payments under such leases and occupancy agreements; and
- (2) All franchise, license and concession agreements related to the commercial real estate or improvements or the operation thereof for which the borrower or an operating affiliate is a lessor, licensor, concession granter or similar party and all payments under such other agreements, whether the assignments described in this paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(A)(2) are absolute or are stated to be made to the extent permitted by the agreements governing the applicable franchise, license or concession agreements:
- (B) An assignment of all other payments due to the borrower or due to any operating affiliate in connection

with the operation of the property described in paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section; and

- (C) The right to enforce the agreements described in paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(A) of this section and the agreements under which payments under paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(B) of this section are due against, and collect amounts due from, each lessee, occupant or other obligor whose payments were assigned pursuant to paragraphs (a)(1)(ii)(A) or (B) of this section upon a breach by the borrower of any of the terms of, or the occurrence of any other event of default (however denominated) under, the loan documents relating to such CRE loan; and
  - (iii) A security interest:
- (A) In all interests of the borrower and any applicable operating affiliate in all tangible and intangible personal property of any kind, in or used in the operation of or in connection with, pertaining to, arising from, or constituting, any of the collateral described in paragraphs (a)(1)(i) or (ii) of this section; and
- (B) In the form of a perfected security interest if the security interest in such property can be perfected by the filing of a financing statement, fixture filing, or similar document pursuant to the law governing the perfection of such security interest;
- (2) Prior to origination of the CRE loan, the originator:
- (i) Verified and documented the current financial condition of the borrower and each operating affiliate;
- (ii) Obtained a written appraisal of the real property securing the loan that:
- (A) Had an effective date not more than six months prior to the origination date of the loan by a competent and appropriately State-certified or State-licensed appraiser;
- (B) Conforms to generally accepted appraisal standards as evidenced by the USPAP and the appraisal requirements of the Federal banking agencies; and

 $<sup>^112</sup>$  CFR part 34, subpart C (OCC); 12 CFR part 208, subpart E, and 12 CFR part 225, subpart G (Board); and 12 CFR part 323 (FDIC).